PUBLIC COMMENTS ON DRAFT ADVISORY OPINIONS

Members of the public may submit written comments on draft advisory opinions.

DRAFTS A and B of ADVISORY OPINION 2011-28 are now available for comment. They were requested by Dan Backer, Esq., on behalf of Western Representation PAC, and are scheduled to be considered by the Commission at its public meeting on January 19, 2012.

If you wish to comment on DRAFTS A and B of ADVISORY OPINION 2011-28, please note the following requirements:

- 1) Comments must be in writing, and they must be both legible and complete.
- 2) Comments must be submitted to the Office of the Commission Secretary by hand delivery or fax ((202) 208-3333), with a duplicate copy submitted to the Office of General Counsel by hand delivery or fax ((202) 219-3923).
- 3) Comments must be received by 5 p.m. (Eastern Time) on January 18, 2012.
- 4) The Commission will generally not accept comments received after the deadline. Requests to extend the comment period are discouraged and unwelcome. An extension request will be considered only if received before the comment deadline and then only on a case-by-case basis in special circumstances.
- 5) All timely received comments will he made available to the public at the Commission's Public Records Office and will be posted on the Commission's website at http://saos.nictusa.com/saos/searchao.

REQUESTOR APPEARANCES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

The Commission has implemented a pilot program to allow advisory opinion requestors, or their counsel, to appear before the Commission to answer questions at the open meeting at which the Commission considers the draft advisory opinion. This program took effect on July 7, 2009.

Under the program:

- 1) A requestor has an automatic right to appear before the Commission if any public draft of the advisory opinion is made available to the requestor or requestor's counsel less than one week before the public meeting at which the advisory opinion request will be considered. Under these circumstances, no advance written notice of intent to appear is required. This one-week period is shortened to three days for advisory opinions under the expedited twenty-day procedure in 2 U.S.C. 437f(a)(2).
- 2) A requestor must provide written notice of intent to appear before the Commission if all public drafts of the advisory opinion are made available to requestor or requestor's counsel at least one week before the public meeting at which the Contmission will consider the advisory opinion request. This nueweek period is shortened to three days for advisory opinions under the expedited twenty-day procedure in 2 U.S.C. 437f(a)(2). The notice of intent to appear must he received by the Office of the Commission Secretary by hand delivery, email (Secretary@fec.gov), or fax ((202) 208-3333), no later than 48 hours before the scheduled public meeting. Requestors are responsible for ensuring that the Office of the Commission Secretary receives timely notice.
- 3) Requestors or their counsel unable to appear physically at a public meeting may participate by telephone, subject to the Commission's technical capabilities.
- 4) Requestors or their counsel who appear before the Commission may do so only for the limited purpose of addressing questions raised by the Commission at the public meeting. Their appearance does not guarantee that any questions will be asked.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Press inquiries: Judith Ingram

Press Officer (202) 694-1220

Commission Secretary: Shawn Woodhead Werth

(202) 694-1040

Comment Submission Procedure: Kevin Deeley

Acting Associate General Counsel

(202) 694-1650

Other inquiries:

To obtain copies of documents related to Advisory Opinion 2011-28, contact the Public Records Office at (202) 694-1120 or (800) 424-9530, or visit the Commission's website at http://saos.nictusa.com/saos/searchao.

ADDRESSES

Office of the Commission Secretary Federal Election Commission 999 E Street, NW Washington, DC 20463

Office of General Counsel ATTN: Kevin Deeley, Esq. Federal Election Commission

999 E Street, NW

Washington, DC 20463

AGENDA DOCUMENT NO. 12-06-

SECRETARIAT



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION Washington, DC 20463

2012 JAN 18 P 12: 33

AGENDA ITEM

January 18, 2012 For Meeting of 1-19-12

SUBMITTED LATE

MEMORANDUM

TO:

The Commission

FROM:

Anthony Herman General Counsel

Kevin Deeley

Acting Associate General Counsel

Robert M. Knop

Assistant General Counsel

Tony Buckley

Attorney

Subject:

Withdrawal and Resubmission of Draft A of AO 2011-28 (Western

Representation PAC)

The Office of General Counsel is withdrawing Draft A of the subject advisory opinion. That was not the draft this Office had been asked to place on the Open Session agenda for January 19, 2012. Attached is the correct Draft A we have been asked to place on the Open Session agenda for January 19, 2012.

Attachment

1 2	ADVISORY OPINION 2011-28
3 4 5 6 7	Dan Backer, Esq. DB Capitol Strategies 209 Pennsylvania Avenue, SE Suite 2109 Washington, D.C. 20003
8	
9	Dear Mr. Backer:
10	We are responding to your advisory opinion request on behalf of Western
11	Representation PAC (the "Committee"), concerning the application of the Federal
12	Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), and Commission regulations to
13	the Committee's reporting obligations for independent expenditures to be made to place
14	advertisements on Facebook during the 2012 Presidential primary elections. The
15	Commission concludes that the Committee may not exclude the actual costs of
16	independent expenditure advertisements placed on Facebook from the calculation of its
17	expenses included on its 24-hour and 48-hour reports. Further, the Commission
18	concludes that the Committee must attribute these costs to the various States' Presidentia
19	primary elections when reporting the monthly cost of its independent expenditure
20	advertisements placed on Facebook on its regular monthly reports.
21	Background
22	The facts presented in this advisory opinion are based on your letter received on
23	November 21, 2011, your emails received on December 6 and 13, 2011, and telephone
24	conversations with the Office of General Counsel on December 2, 6, and 13, 2011.
25	The Committee is a nonconnected committee. It plans to place advertisements or
26	Facebook in connection with the 2012 Republican Presidential primary elections. These

- 1 advertisements will expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified
- 2 Federal candidate and will constitute independent expenditures. Most of these
- 3 advertisements, but not all of them, will not reference a specific Presidential primary
- 4 election.
- 5 The Committee will budget \$2,000 per day for these advertisements. Although
- 6 the Committee may not spend this amount every day, the Committee asks the
- 7 Commission to assume that the Committee will spend a maximum of \$2,000 per day.
- The Committee seeks to exclude the costs of placing its advertisements on
- 9 Facebook from its 24-hour and 48-hour reports of independent expenditures. The
- 10 Committee also seeks to avoid attributing the costs of placing these advertisements to
- various States' Presidential preference primary elections on its monthly reports. The
- 12 Committee claims that meeting these obligations "constitutes a significant legal
- encumbrance upon [the Committee's] First Amendment rights," in that it will require it to
- determine, for every advertisement placed: 1) the State primary elections to which the ad
- applies; 2) whether that advertisement falls within that particular primary election's 24-
- or 48-hour reporting period; and 3) the cost of placing each individual advertisement.

Questions Presented

- 18 1. May the Committee exclude the cost of placing each independent
- 19 expenditure advertisement on Facebook from the calculation of costs included in its 24-
- and 48-hour reports, provided such cost is included in the Committee's regular monthly
- 21 reports?

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1	2. May the Committee report the actual monthly costs of its independent
2	expenditure advertisement on Facebook on its regular monthly reports without
3	attributing these costs to the various States' Presidential primary elections?
4	Legal Analysis and Conclusions
5	1. May the Committee exclude the cost of placing each independent
6	expenditure advertisement on Facebook from the calculation of costs included in its 24-
7	and 48-hour reports, provided such cost is included in the Committee's regular monthly
8	reports?
9	No, the Committee may not exclude the actual costs of independent expenditure
10	advertisements placed on Facebook from the calculation of its expenses included on its
11	24-hour and 48-hour reports.
12	An "independent expenditure" is an expenditure by a person expressly advocating
13	the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate, that is not made in concert or
14	cooperation with or at the request or suggestion of, among others, the candidate.
15	2 U.S.C. 431(17)(A) and (B); 11 CFR 100.16(a).
16	Under the Act and Commission regulations, a political committee that makes
17	independent expenditures aggregating \$1,000 or more after the 20th day, but more than 24
18	hours, before the date of a given election, must file a report describing the expenditures
19	within 24 hours. 2 U.S.C. 434(g)(1)(A); 11 CFR 104.4(c). The 24-hour filing period
20	begins when the independent expenditure is publicly distributed or otherwise publicly
21	disseminated. 11 CFR 104.4(c). Reports must be filed by 11:59 p.m. of the day
22	following the date on which an advertisement is publicly disseminated. Id. Additional
23	reports must be filed within 24 hours each time the political committee makes

- 1 independent expenditures aggregating \$1,000 or more with respect to the same election
- 2 as that to which the initial report relates. 2 U.S.C. 434(g)(1)(B); 11 CFR 104.4(c).
- A political committee that makes independent expenditures aggregating \$10,000
- 4 or more at any time up to and including the 20th day before the date of a given election
- 5 must file a report describing the expenditures within 48 hours. 2 U.S.C. 434(g)(2)(A);
- 6 11 CFR 104.4(b)(2). The 48-hour reporting period begins when the independent
- 7 expenditure is publicly distributed or otherwise publiely disseminated. 11 CFR
- 8 104.4(b)(2). Reports must be filed by 11:59 p.m. of the second day following the date on
- 9 which an advertisement is publicly disseminated. Id. Additional reports must be filed
- within 48 hours each time the political committee makes additional independent
- expenditures aggregating \$10,000 or more with respect to the same election as that to
- 12 which the initial report relates. 2 U.S.C. 434(g)(2)(B); 11 CFR 104.4(b)(2).
- The Act does not empower the Commission with general statutory authority to
- waive reporting obligations, See Advisory Opinion 1994-35 (Alter). Under the Act, the
- 15 Commission has specific authority to waive reporting requirements only in connection
- with special elections. See 2 U.S.C. 434(a)(9). Cf. Advisory Opinion 1995-44 (Forbes
- 17 for President) (interpreting the reporting requirements of the Act not to require 48-hour
- 18 notification reports of contributions received).
- Independent expenditures are aggregated with respect to a given election
- 20 regardless of which candidate is identified in the communication. 11 CFR 104.4(a),
- 21 (b)(1)-(2), and (c); see Advisory Opinion 2003-40 (Navy Veterans) (concluding that two
- separate advertisements for the same election, one favoring Candidate A (costing \$9,000)
- 23 and the other favoring Candidate B (costing \$4,000), had to be aggregated for purposes of

- 1 filing a 48-hour report because the advertisements were related to the same election); see
- 2 also Explanation and Justification, Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act of 2002 Reporting;
- 3 Coordinated and Independent Expenditures, 68 FR 404, 406 (January 3, 2003). For
- 4 purposes of aggregating independent expenditures, each State's Presidential primary
- 5 election is considered a separate election. See Advisory Opinion 2003-40 (Navy
- 6 Veterans).

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7 The treasurer of a political committee "shall keep an account of . . . the name and

8 address of every person to whom any disbursement is made, the date, amount and

9 purpose of the disbursement, and the name of the candidate and the office sought by the

candidate, if any, for whom the disbursement was made. . . . " 2 U.S.C. 432(c)(5); see

also 11 CFR 102.9(b)(1)(i)-(iv). In performing recordkeeping duties, the treasurer must

use his or her best efforts to obtain, maintain and submit the required information.

13 2 U.S.C. 432(i); 11 CFR 102.9(d).

Under the circumstances described in your request, the calculation for advertisements that do not reference or target a specific election is straightforward. The Committee would simply divide the cost of placing each advertisement by the number of upcoming primary elections. For example, an advertisement for which the Committee paid \$2,000 that was placed before the first primary election or cauous would relate to all subsequent presidential primary elections. Therefore, the cost of this advertisement

would be divided by the total number of subsequent presidential primary elections.

¹ As noted above, each State's Presidential primary election is considered a separate election for purposes of aggregating independent expenditures.

1 The Committee may choose, of course, to target certain advertisements to specific 2 elections. For example, the Committee could include in the advertisement language 3 identifying a specific State's election or the date of an election. Additionally, Facebook 4 provides the ability to limit an advertisement so that it appears only in certain geographic locations.² In these instances, the cost of the advertisement would be divided by the 5 6 number of states to which the advertisement relates. For example, an advertisement that 7 encourages people vote for a specific candidate on April 24, 2012 would be divided by five, because five States (Connecticut, Delaware, New York, Pennsylvania, and Rhode 8 9 Island) will be holding primary elections on that day. Thus, assuming the advertisement cost \$2,000, the cost per State primary election would be \$400.3 10 11 Facebook charges its advertisers once per calendar day for each advertisement.⁴ 12 Thus, for example, an advertisement running on February 5, 2012 will be billed at the end 13 of that day regardless the number of hours it was accessible on that day. In the case of a 14 24-hour report, the Committee will have at least one full day to determine that it has

² Facebook allows advertisers to limit the exposure of their advertisements to certain geographic regions by selecting criteria which must be established before the advertisement will appear, such as zip code. See http://www.facebook.com/help/?page=203882222982239 (last accessed December 21, 2011).

The Commission notes that Advisory Opinion 1995-44 (Forbes for President) is inapposite here. In Advisory Opinion 1995-44 (Forbes for President), the Commission concluded that the statute did not require a Presidential candidate's principal campaign committee to file 48-hour notifications of contributions received. Advisory Opinion 1995-44 (Forbes for President) recognizes that the 48-hour notification requirement is intended to apply to contributions received just before an election that can be used for that election. When presidential primary elections follow one another in rapid succession, it can be difficult to attribute numerous contributions received to a particular primary election particularly when those contributions may be used to pay expenses not tied to any particular State or that benefit the campaign nationally and the Commission declined to interpret the statutory reporting obligation in a way that would lead to an arbitrary result. In contrast, here, for those advertisements that the Committee places on Facebook that are goographically limited, the Committee will know in advance the elections to which the advertisements relate; and, for those advertisements that are put geographically limited, it is neither difficult nor expecially bardousome to attribute an equal amount to each subsequent election.

⁴ See http://www.facebook.com/help/?page=121272714621547 (last accessed December 20, 2011).

1 reached the \$1,000 threshold and to file the report.

In sum, the obligation to file 24-hour and 48-hour reports for advertisements

3 placed on Facebook is not onerous, and will further the statutory goal of providing

- 4 transparency at critical times before elections.⁵ Accordingly, the Commission concludes
- 5 that the Committee is required to file such reports as set forth in the Act and the
- 6 Commission's regulations.
- 7 2. May the Committee report the actual monthly costs of its independent
- 8 expenditure advertisements on Facebook on its regular manthly reports without
 - 9 attributing these costs to the various States' Presidential primary elections?
- No, the Committee may not report the actual monthly costs of its independent
- expenditure advertisements on Facebook on its regular monthly reports without
- 12 attributing these costs to the various States' Presidential primary elections.
- 13 Every political committee must file reports of its receipts and disbursements.
- 14 2 U.S.C. 434(a)(1): 11 CFR 104.1(a). Nonconnected committees shall file either
- quarterly reports, or monthly reports which shall be filed no later than the 20th day after
- 16 the last day of the month. See 2 U.S.C. 434(a)(4)(B); 11 CFR 104.5(c)(3).
- 17 Nonconnected committees must disclose their independent expenditures on their monthly
- 18 or quarterly reports. 2 U.S.C. 434(b)(4)(H)(iii); 11 CFR 104.3(b)(3)(vii). These reports
- must disclose all independent expenditures aggregating less than \$10,000 with respect to

⁵ See Citizens United v. FEC, 130 S. Ct. 876, 914-15 (2010) (recognizing that disclosure requirements "do not prevent anyone from speaking" and that "the public has a right to know who is speaking about a candidate shortly before an election"); and McConnell v. FEC, 540 U.S. 93, 200-01 (2003) ("Given the relatively short timeframes in which electioneering communications are made, the interest in assuring that disclosures are made promptly and in time to provide relevant information to the voters is unquestionably significant.")

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- a given election any time during the calendar year up to and including the 20th day before
- 2 an election. 11 CFR 104.4(b)(1).
- 3 As noted above, for purposes of aggregating independent expenditures, each
- 4 State's Presidential primary election is considered a separate election. See Advisory
- 5 Opinion 2003-40 (Navy Veterans). The Committee will file monthly reports in 2012.
- 6 The examples and calculations set forth above demonstrate how the Committee 7 must determine its costs for placing independent expenditure advertisements on Facebook 8 with respect to the various States' primary elections. Once the Committee has done so, it 9 must aggregate costs for each State's Presidential primary election during the reporting 10 period and list the States and amounts per State on Form 3X, Schedule E. Because the Committee does not have to file its monthly report until the 20th day after the last day of 11 12 the month, it has sufficient time to aggregate its costs and report them to the Commission. 13 These statutory reporting obligations further the important goal of providing transparency

at critical times during the Presidential primary season.

This response constitutes an advisory opinion concerning the application of the Act and Commission regulations to the specific transaction or activity set forth in your request. See 2 U.S.C. 437f. The Commission emphasizes that, if there is a change in any of the facts or assumptions presented, and such facts or assumptions are material to a conclusion presented in this advisory opinion, then the requestor may not rely on that conclusion as support for its proposed activity. Any person involved in any specific transaction or activity which is indistinguishable in all its material aspects from the transaction or activity with respect to which this advisory opinion is rendered may rely on this advisory opinion. See 2 U.S.C. 437f(c)(1)(B). Please note that the analysis or

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conclusions in this advisory opinion may be affected by subsequent developments in the
law, including, but not limited to, statutes, regulations, advisory opinions, and case law.
The cited advisory opinions are available on the Commission's website, www.fec.gov, or
directly from the Commission's Advisory Opinion searchable database at
http://www.fec.gov/searchao.
On behalf of the Commission,
Caroline C. Hunter
Chair